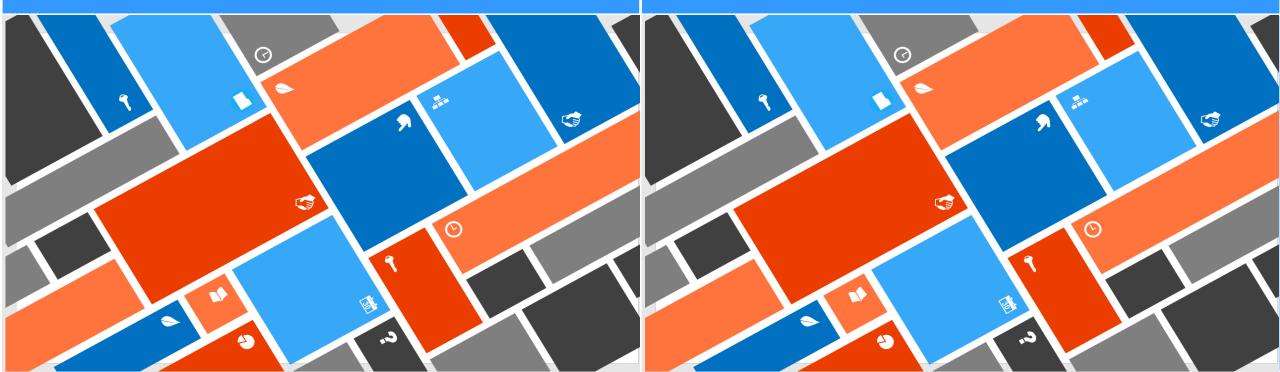
Internationalization

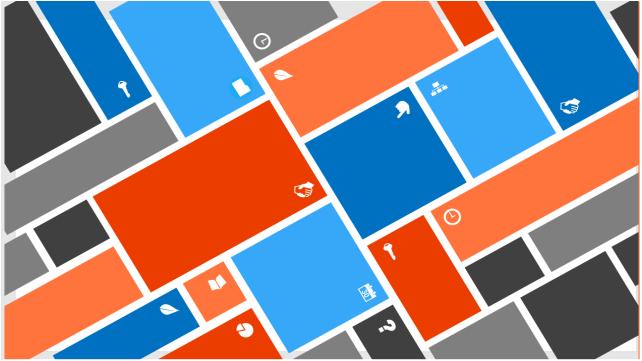
Vered Holzmann & Amit Marantz-Gal





Tempus IRIS: Fostering Academic International Relations in Israeli Colleges to promote education, research and innovation





iη2. it.

Erasmus+ IN2IT: Promoting Internationalization by Innovative Technologies to strengthen the capacities for teaching & learning, researching, and training





STRATEGIC PLANNING

- is about positioning (regional, national, international)
- is designed to strengthen and enhance the performance and quality of an institution
- is participative, dynamic and future focused
- is fundamentally a change process
- results in decisions and actions

BENEFITS



It is a means to face current challenges, offering the opportunity to:

- ✓ Align the organization with its environment
- ✓ Establish vision
- ✓ Create a framework for future direction
- ✓ Set clear **priorities**
- ✓ Create a process for **implementation**
- ✓ Benchmark with good practice.
- ✓ Take greater **control** of events



- Timeframe
- Vision & Mission
- SWOT Analysis
- Strategic Goals
- SMART Objectives
- Work Plan
- KPIs (Key Performance Indicators)



Timeframe

The timeframe for strategic plans is often 3 - 5 years.

A dynamic strategic plan evolves by responding to changes in the organization and in the environment.

It elicits dialogue and can be continually refined and improved.



Vision & Mission

A vision statement describes the desired future position of the institution.

A mission statement talks about how you will get to where you want to be.

The vision and mission must be aligned with the institution's strategy.



SWOT Analysis

A useful technique for understanding your **Strengths** and **Weaknesses**, and for identifying both the **Opportunities** open to you and the **Threats** you face.

By looking at yourself and your competitors, you can define a strategy that helps you distinguish yourself from other HEIs, and exploit your **competitive advantages**.



Strategic Goals & Objectives

Goals are the general anticipated results of internationalization.

SMART Objectives are the specific accomplishments that the efforts or actions are aimed to achieve.



Work Plan

Detailed list of activities to be carried out in the short-term.

Define **milestones** to signal anchors, significant events or stages in the progress of internationalization.

Assess the available human resource skills and capacities.

Assign clear **responsibilities** for each prioritized activity in the plan.

Define **financial resources** needs.



KPIs (Key Performance Indicators)

Measurable (more quantitative than qualitative) values that demonstrate how effectively the institution is achieving key internationalization objectives.

Measuring inputs – resources to achieve the outputs

Measuring activities – actions taken to achieve the outputs using the inputs

Measuring outputs & outcomes – results of activities



Summary

The international strategy has to be **tailor made** according to the vision, the values and the priorities of the institution.

Top management must be involved and needs to make strategic choices and prioritizations.

The plan must be **communicated** to internal and external stakeholders.

Continuous monitoring and evaluation ensures sustainable internationalization and leads towards maturity.



INTERNATIONALIZATION OF THE CURRICULUM

The Process

"the incorporation of an international and intercultural dimension into the **content** of the curriculum as well as the **teaching** and **learning** arrangements and support services of a program of study"

(Leask)

INTERNATIONALIZATION OF THE CURRICULUM

The outcome

An internationalized curriculum will engage students with internationally informed research and cultural and linguistic diversity and purposefully develop their international and intercultural perspectives as global professionals and citizens.

(Leask)

ACADEMICS' RESPONSES

"The concept is all very well, but how do I get started? I understand the idea but I can't see what's behind it. I can't find a direction. It's all too abstract, ideological even. It doesn't take you anywhere."

(Green & Whisted)

SOME ASSUMPTIONS

- Varies across the disciplines
- Super-complex context
- Fuzzy, abstract
- Academics at the core
- Never ending, cyclical

SOME MISCONCEPTIONS

- Teaching in English = IoC
- The presence of international students = IoC
- IoC necessitates international students
- A simple, content add-on feature

INTERNATIONALIZED LEARNING OUTCOMES



INTERNATIONALIZATION OF THE CURRICULUM PROCESS IN AN ISRAELI COLLEGE

Responses, motivations, interpretations and enactment across 3 academic disciplines

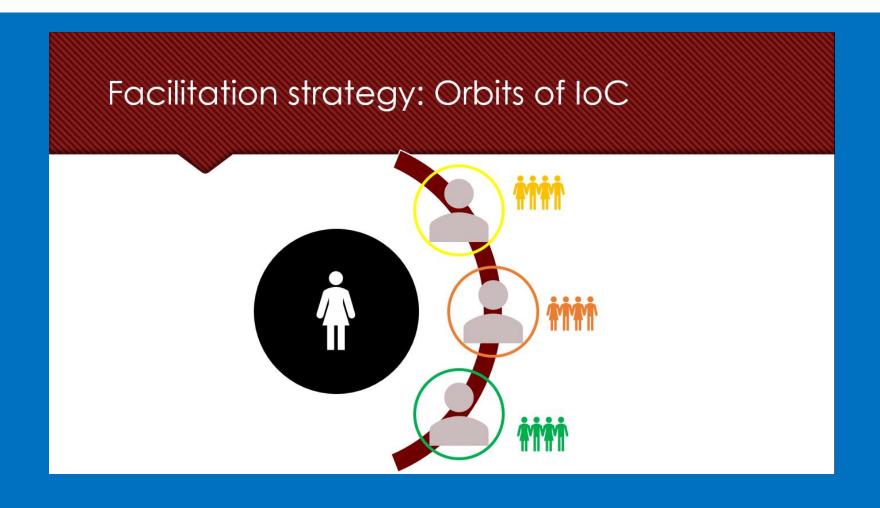
LOOKING FOR

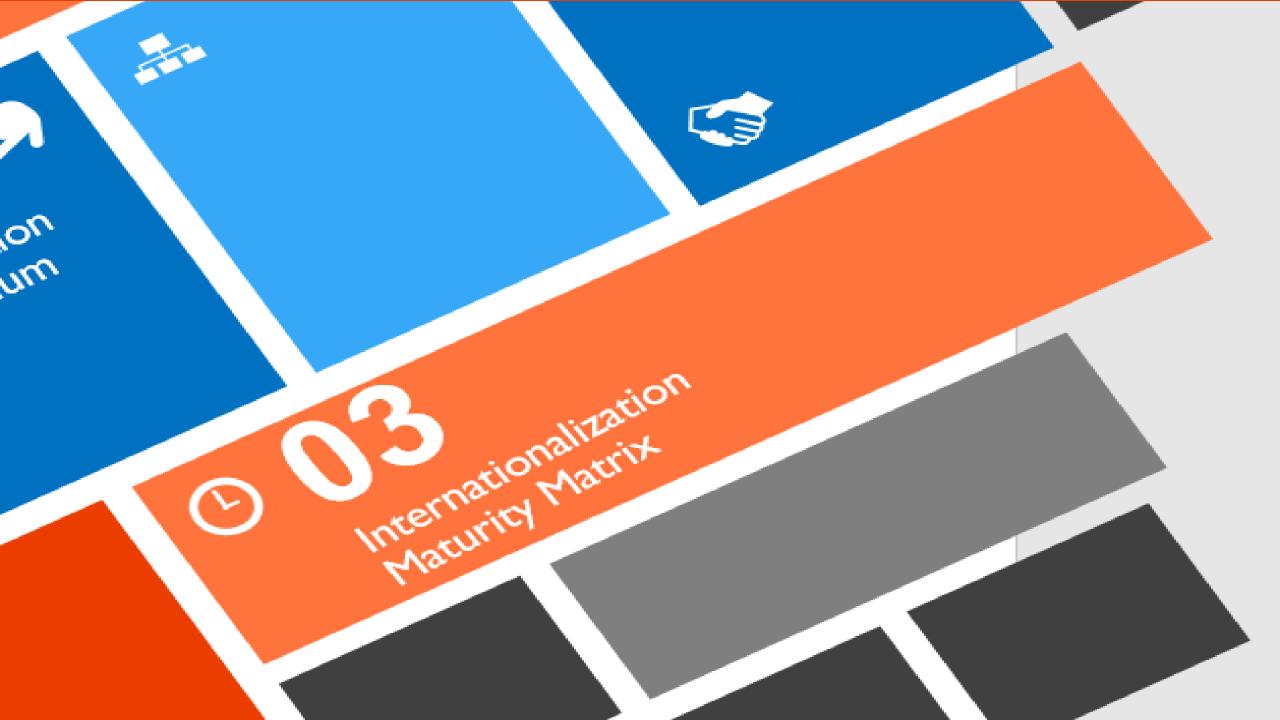
- Key engagement points
- Evaluating enactment
- Facilitating the process the Israeli way

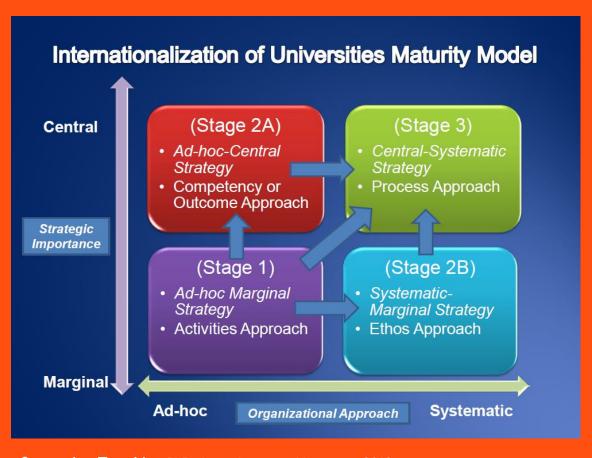
EVALUATING ENACTMENT

Syllabus markers for internationalization – A practical tool

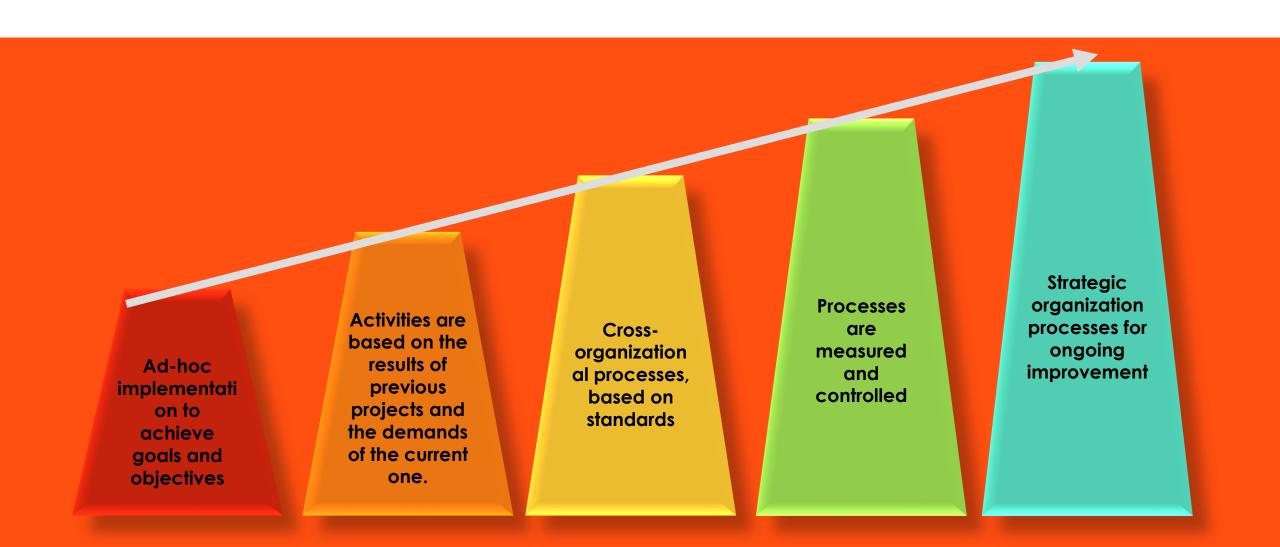
FACILITATING







Source: Lee Tong Nge, PhD thesis, Leicester University, 2012



Strategic Goal / Priority	Indicators Names
Develop internationalized curriculum (modules and courses) in English	 Number of faculty members who have taken the IoC workshop (bologna oriented). Number of new International courses opened (formalized and piloted) in the college Academic System in English. Percentage of international academic CREDITS (total 20 credits covering one full semester, comprise of courses catalog of 3rd academic year only).
Increasing multicultural and multilingual competence and awareness among faculty and students	 Number of courses that contain multiculturalism content. (a) Number of multiculturalism courses delivered; (b) Percent of students participating in the course. (a) Number of international guests; (b) Number of open international/English-language sessions for students and faculty.



Develop internationalized curriculum (modules and courses) in English

No.	Name of Indicator	Indicator Values			Modification in Data Collection ¹	Remarks ²	Conclusions ³
	Name of Indicator		2019	2020	(YES or NO)	Remarks-	Conclusions
ı	Number of faculty members who have taken the IoC workshop (bologna oriented).						
2	Number of new International courses opened (formalized and piloted) in the college Academic System in English.						
3	Percentage of international academic CREDITS (total 20 credits covering one full semester, comprise of courses catalog of 3rd academic year only).						

I YES, if data was collected in a modified way (e.g. reports from individual people replaced by database inquiries); NO otherwise. If YES, please describe the changes in Remarks.

² Explain briefly reasons why indicator value is changed (up or down) or not changed.

³ Any information regarding the Self-Assessment Survey, which may be important or useful for next surveys.

Thank You!

Vered Holzmann & Amit Marantz-Gal

